

# Scenario assessment of fresh water ecological attributes in Te Awarua- o-Porirua Whaitua

Ned Norton, Mark Heath, Brent King



greater WELLINGTON  
REGIONAL COUNCIL  
Te Pane Matua Taiao

# Three ecological attributes...

- **Periphyton** – the algae/slime attached to surfaces; some is essential as food source for invertebrates – but too much is bad.
- **Macroinvertebrate Community Index (MCI)**  
– high score means diverse & clean; low score means degraded.
- **Fish** – diverse & abundant indicates good ecosystem health.

# Method:

- A little different to water quality attributes.
- Consider several aspects of scenarios that affect ecology...
  - Flows (minimums and allocations)
  - Nutrients & sediment
  - Toxicants (copper, zinc, ammonia, nitrate)
  - In-stream habitat (bed, banks, channel form)
  - Riparian habitat (vegetation, shade)
  - Free passage (in the case of fish)

# Results: Periphyton

Drains to	WMU group	WMU name	Assessment locality <sup>1</sup>	What is the current state?		What could the scenarios give us?		
				From monitoring data	From CMP assessment	BAU	Improved	Water sensitive
Open coast	Coastal catchments	Pukerua	Hongoeka as proxy					
		Hongoeka to Pukerua	Hongoeka		A	A	A	A
		Whitireia	Mouth					
Taupo	Taupo Stream and Swamp	Taupo Stream	Mouth		C	C	B	B
			Wetland					
Pauatahanui inlet	Pauatahanui steep rural streams	Horokiri and Motukaraka	Battle Hill					
			Near Pauatahanui Golf Club	C	C	C	B	B
		Kakaho Stream	Mouth					
		Judgeford Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Pauatahanui rural streams	Pauatahanui Stream	Middle reaches	C	C	C	B	B
		Ration Creek	Mouth					
Pauatahanui urban streams	Lower Duck Creek	Mouth		C	C	C	C	
	Pauatahanui fringe streams	Titahi Bay as proxy						
Onepoto inlet	Onepoto steep rural streams	Rangituihi Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment					
		Takapu Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment		C	C	B	B
		Upper Kenepuru	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Onepoto rural streams	Belmont Stream	Lincolnshire Farms					
		Stebbings Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment		C	C	B	B
	Onepoto small urban streams	Hukarito Stream	Mouth					
		Mahinawa Stream	Mouth		A	A	A	A
		Onepoto Fringe	Elsdon					
	Kenepuru Stream	Titahi	Titahi Bay					
		Kenepuru	Mouth		C	C	C	C
	Porirua Stream	Porirua	Grenada North industrial					
Mitchell Stream								
Willowbank								
Kenepuru Drive				B	B	B	B↑	B↑



# Key messages: Periphyton

- Typically in band C in most of Whaitua
- Improve through stream shading & reduction of sediment and nutrients, by...
  - Riparian planting
  - Stabilise grazed land (retirement/space planting)
- More difficult to achieve in lower reaches due to wider channels difficult to shade

# Results: Macroinvertebrates

Drains to	WMU group	WMU name	Assessment locality <sup>1</sup>	What is the current state?		What could the scenarios give us?		
				From monitoring data	From CMP assessment	BAU	Improved	Water sensitive
Open coast	Coastal catchments	Pukerua	Hongoeka as proxy					
		Hongoeka to Pukerua	Hongoeka		C	C	C ↑	C ↑
		Whitireia	Mouth					
Taupo	Taupo Stream and Swamp	Taupo Stream	Mouth		C	C	B	B
			Wetland					
Pauatahanui inlet	Pauatahanui steep rural streams	Horokiri and Motukaraka	Battle Hill					
			Near Pauatahanui Golf Club	B	C	B	B	B
		Kakaho Stream	Mouth					
		Judgeford Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Pauatahanui rural streams	Upper Duck Creek	Bottom of sub-catchment					
		Pauatahanui Stream	Middle reaches	C/B	C	C	B	B
Pauatahanui urban streams	Ration Creek	Mouth						
	Lower Duck Creek	Mouth		C	C	C ↑	B	
	Pauatahanui fringe streams	Titahi Bay as proxy						
Onepoto inlet	Onepoto steep rural streams	Rangituhi Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment					
		Takapu Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment		C	C	B	B
		Upper Kenepuru	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Onepoto rural streams	Belmont Stream	Lincolnshire Farms					
		Stebbings Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment		C	C	B	B
	Onepoto small urban streams	Hukarito Stream	Mouth					
		Mahinawa Stream	Mouth		B/A	B/A	B/A	B/A
		Onepoto Fringe	Elsdon					
	Titahi	Titahi Bay						
	Kenepuru Stream	Kenepuru	Mouth		C	C	C ↑	C ↑↑
Porirua Stream	Porirua	Grenada North industrial						
		Mitchell Stream						
		Willowbank						
		Kenepuru Drive	C	C	C	C ↑	C ↑	



# Key messages: MCI (macroinvertebrates)

- Typically in band C in most of Whaitua
- Improve through stream shading & reduction of sediment and nutrients, by...
  - Riparian planting
  - Stabilise grazed land (retirement/space planting)
- Reduced toxicants (copper, zinc, nitrate, ammonia)
- Reduced stormwater runoff (frequent flows)
- Reduced wastewater overflow (organic pollution)



# Results: Fish

Drains to	WMU group	WMU name	Assessment locality <sup>1</sup>	What is the current state?		What could the scenarios give us?		
				From monitoring data	From CMP assessment	BAU	Improved	Water sensitive
Open coast	Coastal catchments	Pukerua	Hongoeka as proxy					
		Hongoeka to Pukerua	Hongoeka		C	C	C	C
		Whitireia	Mouth					
Taupo	Taupo Stream and Swamp	Taupo Stream	Mouth		C	C	B	B
			Wetland					
Pauatahanui inlet	Pauatahanui steep rural streams	Horokiri and Motukaraka	Battle Hill					
			Near Pauatahanui Golf Club		B/A	B/A	A	A
		Kakaho Stream	Mouth					
	Pauatahanui rural streams	Judgeford Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment					
		Upper Duck Creek	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Pauatahanui urban streams	Pauatahanui Stream	Middle reaches		B	B	A	A
	Ration Creek	Mouth						
Onepoto inlet	Onepoto steep rural streams	Lower Duck Creek	Mouth		B	B	B	A
		Pauatahanui fringe streams	Titahi Bay as proxy					
		Rangituhi Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Onepoto rural streams	Takapu Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment		C?	C?	B	B
		Upper Kenepuru	Bottom of sub-catchment					
	Onepoto small urban streams	Belmont Stream	Lincolnshire Farms					
		Stebbings Stream	Bottom of sub-catchment		B	B	A	A
		Hukarito Stream	Mouth					
		Mahinawa Stream	Mouth		C	C	C	C
	Kenepuru Stream	Onepoto Fringe	Elsdon					
Titahi		Titahi Bay						
Porirua Stream	Kenepuru	Mouth		B	C/B	C/B	C/B	
	Porirua	Grenada North industrial						
		Mitchell Stream						
Willowbank								
	Kenepuru Drive			C/B	C/B	B	B	



# Key messages: Fish

- Typically in band C or B most of Whaitua
- Good species diversity but populations likely under stress – multiple stressors
- Improve by all the same things as for periphyton and MCI, plus...
  - Improve physical habitat in straightened, concrete, channelled or piped reaches.
  - Restore obstructions to fish passage
  - Protect & restore spawning habitat (eg inanga)

# Reminder: How can you use this?

- Explore effort to reach different objectives
- Look for the big patterns
- Results graded (A-D) and arrows indicate changes within a band
- Draw on your own and others' knowledge

*Group exercise shortly to explore objectives – but first...*

# One example in detail...

- Look at your sheet for “*Kenepuru in mid-lower reaches*”
- What is possible and how? – for...
  - Periphyton...
  - Macroinvertebrates (MCI)...
  - Fish...

# Now into group work...

- Each group works 3 more catchments...