# **Purple Loosestrife**

Lythrum salicaria

Detect this pest plant before it becomes a problem



## Why it's a problem:

Purple loosestrife is a threat to wetland and riparian habitats.

- It has a strong ability to rapidly outcompete native wetland species, therefore reducing biodiversity at wetland sites.
- Tall, dense stands can reduce recreation opportunities.
- It prefers moist soil. However, once established a population can tolerate dry soil conditions.
- Disturbed areas are more prone to invasion because exposed soil is ideal for germination.
- It is spread in many ways, including by water, wind, machinery, wildlife and people.

### **Appearance:**

Purple loosestrife is an herbaceous, erect, hairy perennial.

- It grows up to 2m tall with purple flower spikes, a taproot and fibrous roots.
- It can form dense surface mats and produce up to 50 stems per rootstock.
- Stems are four sided, pink at the base and die off in winter.
- The narrow leaves are normally in opposite pairs.
- Between December and February a densely hairy flower head spike (20-25cm long) is produced, made up of purple-magenta flowers with five or six petals.
- Flowers are followed by blackish seed capsules 3-5mm in length

### Location:

Purple loosestrife primarily threatens wetland habitats, including river and stream banks, pond edges, lakes, roadside ditches and reservoirs.

# Weedbusters



### Get more information:

- <u>Weedbusters</u> provides descriptions and images to help with pest identification.
- Agpest is an identification tool for pests, biology, impact and management for farmers and agricultural professionals.
- <u>iNaturalist</u> is a sharing tool that contributes to biodiversity science for avid nature observers.
- Manaaki Whenua <u>Landcare Research</u> provides information on weeds and biocontrol
- Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) for information on protecting New Zealand from biological risk.
- Practice biosecurity hygiene to stop the spreading of pests.

Contact us: 09/09/2020

If you see this plant on your property or need help to identify a plant in the Wellington Region, contact us on **0800 496 734** or email **pest.plants@gw.govt.nz**.