

Draft Greater Wellington Regional Council Parks Network Plan

Parangarahu Lakes Area - East Harbour Regional Park Amendment

6.4 East Harbour Regional Park

East Harbour Regional Park is located on the eastern side of Te Whanganui-a-Tara (the Wellington Harbour). The park covers just over 2,000 hectares and is made up of three separate blocks: the Northern Forest, the Parangarahu Lakes Area and Baring Head. It is one of two Greater Wellington parks that adjoin the coastline. Refer Map [1A]

The park is an important recreation resource for the people of Eastbourne, Wainuiomata, the Hutt Valley and the greater Wellington region. Both the bush clad hills of the Northern Forest and the rugged and exposed nature of the coastal sections provide a sense of isolation in close proximity to busy urban centres. While parts of the park have been long protected, the park was first proposed as Pencarrow Regional Park in 1975. This proposal was much larger than the current park and in 1979 the concept was subsequently reworked to only include publicly held land. The park has since expanded as bids to acquire private land at Parangarahu Lakes and Baring Head for inclusion in the park were successful.

The park includes several sites of cultural significance, including pa, sites of harvest and areas that were once occupied by Maori. Taranaki Whānui ki Te Upoko o Te Ika (Taranaki Whanui) retain mana whenua over the lands and are represented by the Port Nicholson Block Settlement Trust (PNBST); the iwi authority for this area.

The Northern Forest and Baring Head are managed by GWRC and include land owned by the Crown, Hutt City Council and GWRC. Parangarahu Lakes Area is managed by GWRC and PNBST under a co-governance arrangement and includes land owned by GWRC, PNBST and the Crown and is neighboured by Hutt City Council and NZHPT owned land.

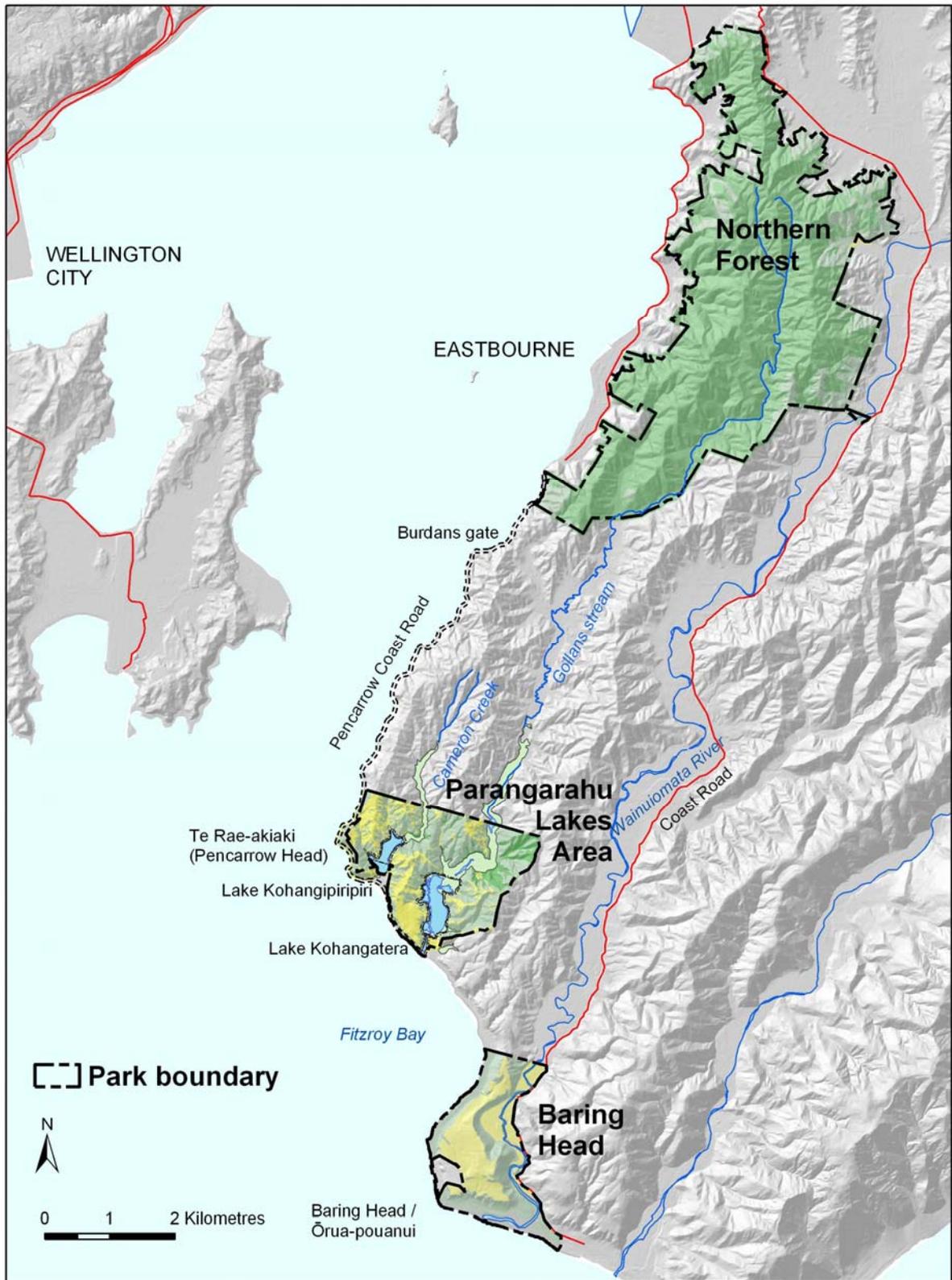
The Northern Forest block includes the steep hill country between Eastbourne and Wainuiomata. Clothed in beech/rata forest, these hills provide the forested backdrop to the eastern aspect of Wellington Harbour. The valley floors contain lush lowland podocarp/broadleaf forest. The area can be accessed from various points in Eastbourne or Wainuiomata and offers excellent passive recreation opportunities. The community is very actively involved in projects within the park, including the mainland island restoration project.

The Parangarahu Lakes block lies east of the main harbour entrance and contains the nationally significant Lakes Kohangapiripiri and Kohangatera. These lakes and their associated wetlands are home to a wealth of native plants and wildlife. There are also a number of important cultural and historic sites within the block. The area provides opportunity for walking and cycling and is popular with bird watchers. Public access to the area is by bike or foot from Burden's gate, along Pencarrow Coast Road which is managed by HCC.

Baring Head/Ōrua-pouanui is a prominent headland located at the south-eastern edge of the Wellington Harbour. The area is recognised for its uplifted marine terraces, which create a sweeping landscape punctuated by the Baring Head lighthouse compound. The 295 hectares of reserve is home to rare coastal plants, a number of lizard species, various coastal birds and native fish that frequent the lower reaches of the Wainuiomata River. The area is popular for fishing, rock-climbing, and hang gliding.

Baring Head/Ōrua-pouanui has been used by a number of iwi over time as a place for habitation, fishing and cultivation. Later strategic land uses included military observation posts, maritime navigation equipment and a meteorological station. It currently serves an internationally significant role in atmospheric sampling for greenhouse gas emissions.

Each of the three blocks of East Harbour Regional Park has a sub-chapter.



Map [1A] East Harbour Regional Park.

Taranaki Whānui post Treaty Settlement; a new era of partnership

Taranaki Whānui ki Te Upoko o Te Ika (Taranaki Whānui), are people descended from one or more of the recognised tūpuna of Te Ati Awa, Taranaki, Ngāti Ruanui, Ngāti Tama and Ngāti Mutunga. Their ancestors migrated to Wellington in the early 1800's and signed the Port Nicholson Block Deed of Purchase in 1839. The Port Nicholson Block runs from the Rimutaka Summit to the south coast at Pipinui Point (Boomrock) around the coastline to Turakirae in the east and up the Rimutaka ridgeline to the summit.

Treaty of Waitangi redress recognises the traditional, historical, cultural and spiritual association of Taranaki Whānui with places and sites managed by the Crown. The deed of recognition signed in December 2008 allows Taranaki Whānui and the Crown to protect and enhance the conservation values associated with these sites, and includes:

1. The lakebeds of Lake Kohangatera and Lake Kohangapiripiri (the Parangarahu Lakes, formerly referred to as the Pencarrow Lakes) and two former esplanade reserves surrounding both lakes
2. Dendroglyph sites near the Parangarahu Lakes (which will be vested as Māori Reservations).

As part of cultural redress to settle the historical Treaty claims of Taranaki Whānui, in 2009 ownership of the lakebeds, the former esplanade reserve and the dendroglyph sites was vested in the Trustees of the Port Nicholson Block Settlement Trust (PNBST). The Crown retains ownership of the space occupied by water and air above Lakes Kohangapiripiri and Kohangatera and a conservation covenant is also included over the Lakebeds and the esplanade land.

In recognising the need to manage this area holistically, GWRC and PNBST agreed on a Memorandum of Understanding which sets out the matters on which GWRC and PNBST will work together on, including the preparation of a co-management plan for the area. This is known as the Parangarahu Lakes Area Co-Management Plan (2014). The Parangarahu Lakes Area section of this plan includes the relevant policies of the Co-Management Plan as they apply to the land that GWRC has delegated management responsibility under the Reserves Act 1977.

6.4 (B) East Harbour Regional Park – Parangarahu Lakes Reserve

6.4.8 Legal status

REGIONAL PARK/FOREST	TITLE HELD BY	LEGISLATIVE STATUS
East Harbour Regional Park – Parangarahu Lakes Reserve	Wellington Regional Council	Recreation Reserve 14.32 hectares
	Crown – Department of Conservation (land vested in Wellington Regional Council)	Recreation Reserve 362.48 hectares
Possible future reserves to be vested.	Crown Stratum - DOC – no title issued. The space occupied by water and air above the lakebeds. Lake Kohangatera Outlet. Crown – Department of Conservation (to be vested in Wellington Regional Council)	Scientific Reserve. Government Purpose Wildlife Management Reserve. Proposed to be Scientific Reserve vested in GWRC.

Territorial Authority: Hutt City Council

The Parangarahu Lakes' area is predominantly recreation reserve, with smaller parcels of land held by other bodies: the Historic Places Trust (the Pencarrow Lighthouse footprint) and Taranaki Whānui ki Te Upoko o Te Ika (the lake beds, area around the lakes and dendroglyph sites). Hutt City Council also owns land at the entrance to the park.

Refer to Appendix 2 [of the Parks Network Plan] and the Co-Management Plan for legal description of land parcels.

6.4.9 Background

The Parangarahu Lakes area, located south-east of the entrance to Te Whanganui-a-Tara (the Wellington Harbour) is visible from Wellington, punctuated by the historic Pencarrow lighthouse. Tucked in behind the coastal escarpment are the nationally significant freshwater Lakes Kohangapiripiri and Kohangatera and their associated wetlands, home for a high number of native plants and wildlife.

Public access to the area is by foot or bike from Burden's Gate, along the gravel Pencarrow Coast Road which is managed by Hutt City Council. The area is popular for walking, biking and bird watching. The Ornithological Society has recorded over fifty different species of birds in this area including the banded dotterel and an inland breeding colony of black shag¹.

In 1991 Greater Wellington purchased the Parangarahu Lakes area (formerly the Pencarrow Lakes

¹ As at 2014

block) in recognition of the importance of the lakes and wetlands. This purchase expanded East Harbour Regional Park, allowing public access to this area and bringing into public protection the outstanding cultural, natural and landscape values. Recreation reserve status was sought for the 360 Ha Pencarrow Lakes Block.

Parangarahu Lakes Area has been used by a number of iwi over time as a place for gathering kai and for shelter. As part of cultural redress PNBST received ownership of the lakebeds, the former esplanade reserves and the dendroglyph sites in 2009. A co-governance arrangement between GWRC and PNBST is in place for the Parangarahu Lakes Area and in 2014 the *Parangarahu Lakes Area Co-Management Plan (2014)* was prepared. The Moemoea-vision of the Co-Management Plan is: *Kohangapiripiri – Kohangatera - Kohanga Ora – nests nurturing life and wellbeing.*

This section of this plan includes the relevant policies of the Co-Management Plan as they apply to the land that GWRC has delegated management responsibility under the Reserves Act 1977.

6.4.10 Key park characteristics

Land

- Significant landscape formed by the coastal escarpment which is a highly visible backdrop to the Wellington harbour.
- Nationally significant Kohangapiripiri and Kohangatera Lakes and wetlands with raised beaches and marine terraces
- Geological features and associated habitats

People

- Long history of Māori occupation.
- Co-management relationship with Taranaki Whanui and partnerships with other landowners and agencies.
- Prominent historic Pencarrow Lighthouse and associated history
- Coastal tracks suitable for walking and biking.

6.4.11 Management focus

The focus for East Harbour Regional Park - Parangarahu Lakes Area is to:

1. Work with the PNBST to implement the Co-Management Plan
2. Develop strategic partnerships between agencies, landowners and community groups to support achieve of the Moemoea-visions of the co-management plan.
3. Restore the mouri and maintain the ecological integrity of the Parangarahu Lakes Area
4. Protect and manage the historic and cultural heritage, sites of significance and other waahi taonga of the Parangarahu Lakes Area.
5. Provide for compatible passive recreation activities
6. Protect landscape values
7. Advocate for the vesting of the Scientific Reserves.

6.4.12 Specific policies

Biodiversity and ecosystems

- a. To have particular regard for the high priority indigenous areas when determining ecosystem protection and enhancement priorities as listed in Table 5A.
- b. To implement the Parangarahu Lakes Key Native Ecosystem plan.
- c. To restore native fish habitat and migration paths within the catchments.
- d. To control pest plants/animals where these interfere with the oranga of the Parangarahu Lakes Area, including the control of aquatic weed incursions and continued investigation of options for eradication.
- e. To establish an approval process for the use or removal of natural materials including access for Mahinga Kai - cultural harvesting.

Landscape and geological features

- f. To protect the park's key landscape features and values from inappropriate use and development, specifically:
 - Coastal hills and escarpment at the eastern entrance of Wellington Harbour
 - The Parangarahu Lakes Kohangapiripiri and Kohangatera and their associated wetlands
- g. To advocate for the protection of the geological features, the raised beaches and interglacial marine terraces along the southern coast, from inappropriate use and development.
- h. No new buildings or structures will be located at the reserve, unless such structures are essential for achieving the management objectives of the Co-Management Plan and cannot reasonably be located elsewhere.

Cultural heritage

- i. To support the protection of significant modified landscape features of the historic Pencarrow Lighthouse from inappropriate use or development.²
- j. To work with PNBST to manage key sites of cultural heritage significance including the dendroglyph sites.
- k. To understand and preserve the significance of the cultural and natural features of the landscape and their histories (oral and written).

Explanation: Working with PNBST is essential to ensure that sites are not affected when undertaking restorative planting, pest control or installing park infrastructure (fences, tracks etc.). Where new sites are discovered, Greater Wellington's Accidental Discovery Protocol must be followed. Where damage is from natural changes or vandalism, PNBST will be notified and agreement reached on any actions needed.

² The Historic Pencarrow Lighthouse is owned by the Historic Places Trust as well as the small footprint of land on which it sits.

Land management

- I. To manage public access to the area in a way that takes into account the threats to the ecological integrity of the lakes and the habitats of threatened flora and fauna, including:
 - to work with HCC to restrict vehicle access to that required for management purposes, existing easements, volunteer activities, approved events and concessions. Note that this does not restrict pedestrian or cycle access.
 - to advocate to DOC to restrict access to the lakes (the water) and wetlands to that required for management purposes and approved mahinga kai.

Visitor Services

- m. To complete the Cameron Ridge to Lake Kohangatera wetland walk.
- n. To develop visitor amenities including picnic tables and a toilet at suitable locations within the park.
- o. To develop interpretation based on the main themes of Māori history, geology and ecology.
- p. To establish opportunities for the sharing of cultural knowledge and education, possibly through guided tours and wanaaga.

Partnership in Parks

- q. To foster kaitiakitanga and greater participation in activities at the lakes and management by Taranaki Whānui iwi and the community.
- r. To use Maori and western science perspectives to inform decision-making, monitoring and reporting.
- s. To liaise with Hutt City Council, the Department of Conservation, New Zealand Historic Places Trust and private landowners in regards to decision making on the management and use of the land to provide an integrated approach to environmental management programmes and recreational activities.
- t. To support the partnership with Forest and Bird, Fish and Game, MIRO and other voluntary groups in meeting the outcomes of the Co-Management Plan, including the restoration of native species to the area

Table 5A Significant indigenous environmental areas and features - East Harbour Regional Park Parangarahu Lakes Reserve

AREA	DESCRIPTION	REASONS FOR SIGNIFICANCE
Pencarrow Lakes and wetlands	Kohangapiripiri – freshwater lake fed by Cameron Creek. Lake is about 13 hectares, and 1-2 metres deep with 43 hectares of wetland. Kohangatera – slightly more brackish than Kohangapiripiri. Fed by Gollans Stream. 17	Ecosystem types: the lakes have been described at the best condition coastal lakes in the country, the associated swamp wetlands as some of the best condition of their type in the country, and the shingle beaches at Kohangapiripiri as the best condition nationally ³ . Wetlands support highly indigenous plant communities in a relatively unmodified state. There are a number of regionally threatened species, including two aquatic plants – <i>Lepilaena</i>

³ DRAFT GWRC Key Native Ecosystems Plan for Parangarahu Lakes Area, 2014. Pg 3.

AREA	DESCRIPTION	REASONS FOR SIGNIFICANCE
	<p>hectares with 150 hectares of wetland.</p> <p>The lakes are separated from sea by raised shingle beaches.</p> <p>Active sand dunes</p>	<p><i>bilocularis</i> and <i>Ruppia polycarpa</i> and three semi-aquatics – <i>Crassula kirkii</i>, <i>Glossostigma diandrum</i> and <i>Ranunculus macropus</i>. Also regarded as locally significant are – <i>Eryngium vesiculosum</i> (sea holly), <i>Glossostigma elatinoides</i>, <i>Gratiola sexdentata</i>, <i>Limosella lineate</i> (mudwort) and <i>Scheonoplectus validus</i> (clubrush).</p> <p>50 bird species have been recorded for the two lakes.</p> <p>Native fish, including long finned eels, giant kokupu and bullies.</p> <p>The shingle beaches are outside the park but are important because they preserve a unique record of historical uplifts, support a rare biotic community (including <i>Muehlenbeckia ephedroides</i>) and are a natural waterlevelling mechanism for the lake and gateway for fish populations.</p> <p>The shingle beaches provide habitat for the variable oystercatcher (at risk), banded dotterel (nationally vulnerable)</p> <p>Cushion plants and rare ecosystems of native sand binding plants are present including <i>Muehlenbeckia complexa</i>.</p>

6.4.13 Projected future changes

Where appropriate, these are represented on the Map of Projected Future Changes (Page ##)

1. Implement a Key Native Ecosystem plan.
2. Complete the repair of boundary fences to be stock proof
3. Complete the Cameron Ridge to Lake Kohangatera wetland walk (walking and cycling).
4. Work with HCC to keep vehicles off the dunes-shingle beaches.
5. Work with PNBST, Hutt City Council and Historic Places Trust for appropriate recognition of key cultural sites.
6. Develop interpretation
7. Develop recreational links to the regional cycle track network.
8. Complete vesting of the scientific reserves.

6.4.14 Park Maps

The following pages contain:

- Map 11: East Harbour Regional Park – Parangarahu Lakes Area in 2014.
- Map 11A: East Harbour Regional Park – Parangarahu Lakes Area projected future changes.

For more information

Parangarahu Lakes Area Co-Management Plan (Greater Wellington and PNBST, 2014)

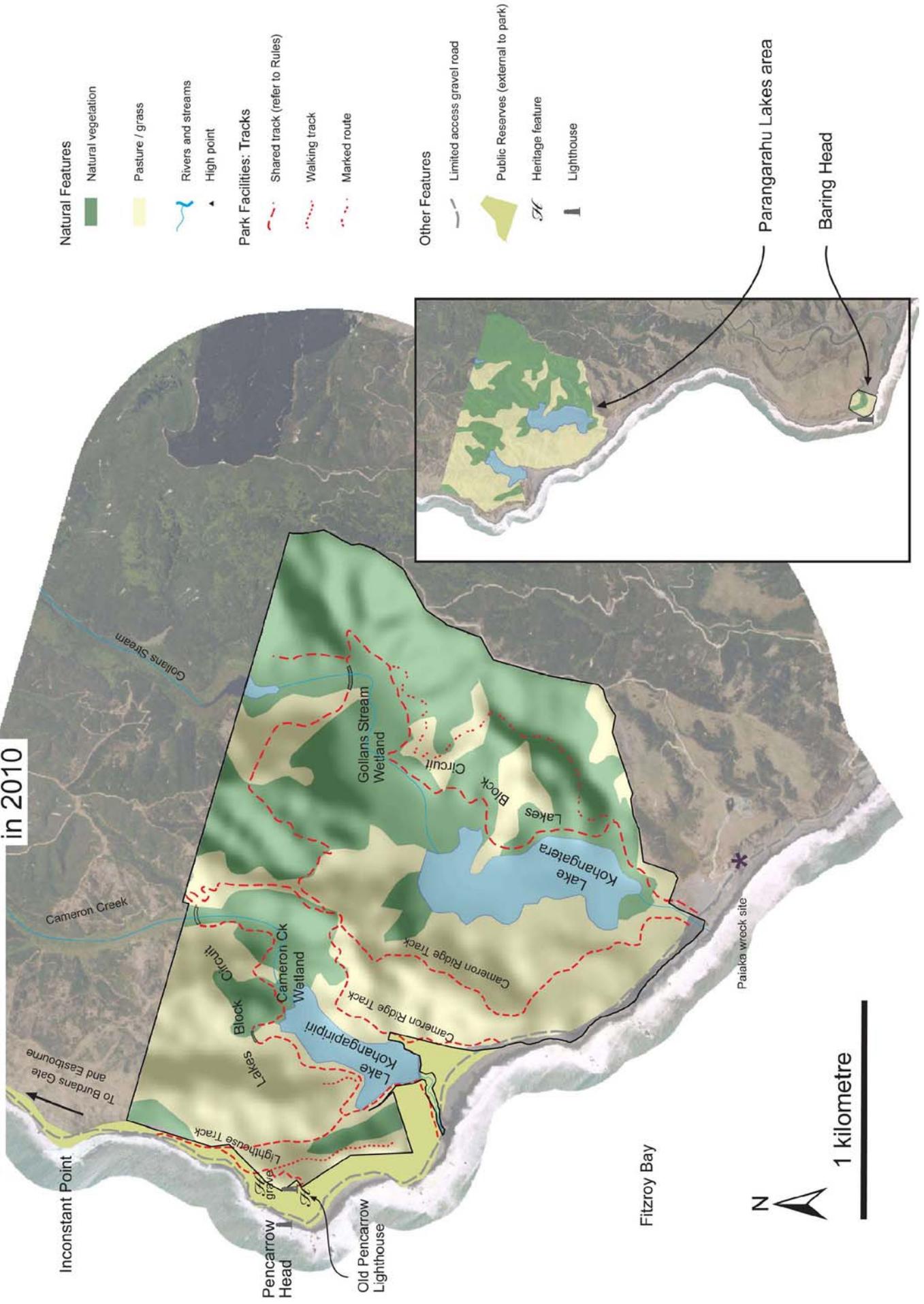
East Harbour Regional Park Resource Statement (Greater Wellington, 2007)

Wetlands Action Plan (Greater Wellington, 2003)

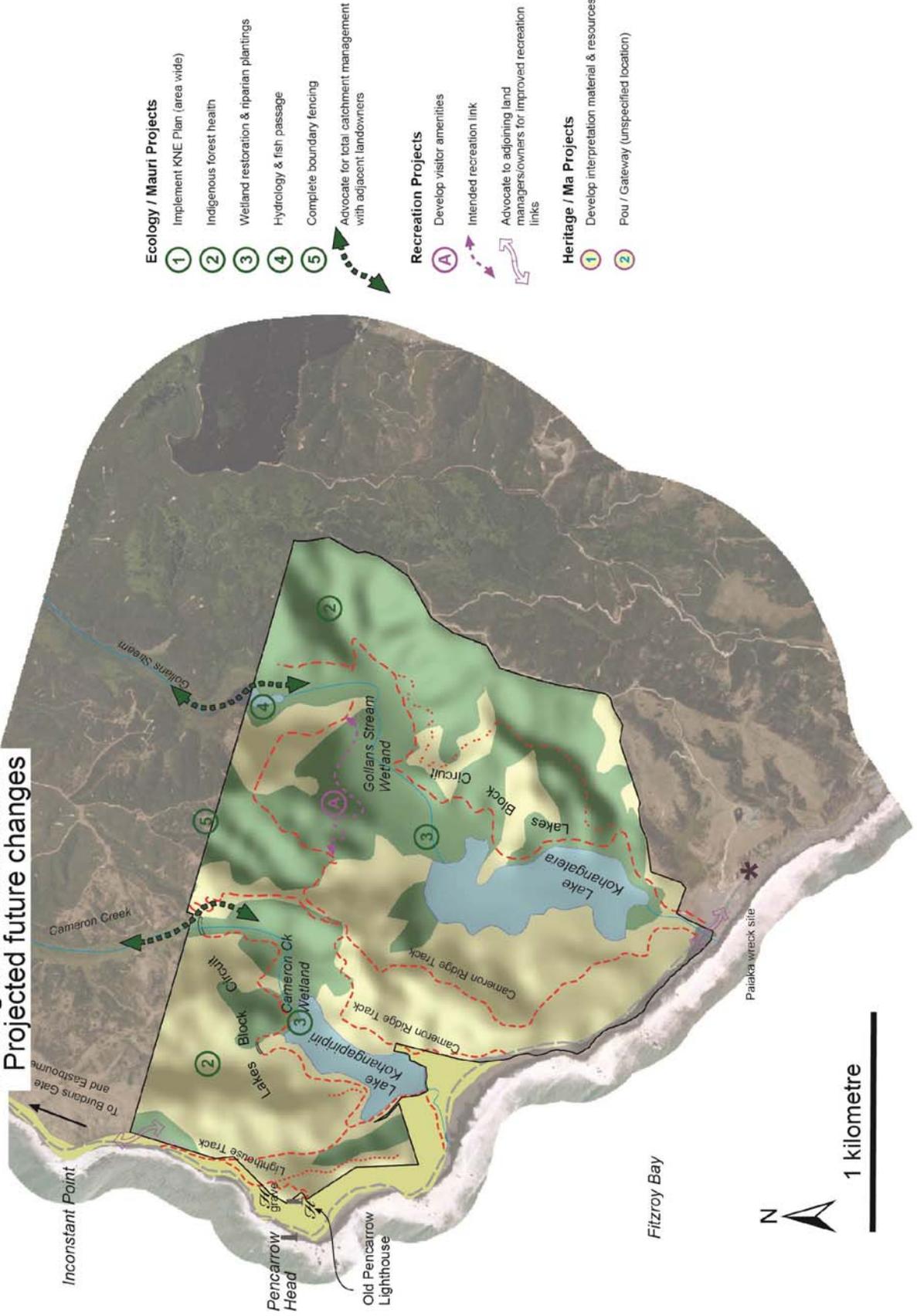
A landscape restoration plan for Kohanga Lakes Block (Park, 2007)

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EAST HARBOUR REGIONAL PARK - Parangarahu Lakes Area & Baring Head in 2010



EAST HARBOUR REGIONAL PARK: Parangarahu Lakes Area - Projected future changes



Rules applying to activities in the Parangarahu Lakes Reserve of East Harbour Regional Parks & Forests*

Section 7.1 – 7.5 [PNP] states what permissions are required for various activities and the process required for obtaining consent. Where this process differs for the Parangarahu Lakes area, this is stated below.

Allowed activities

The following activities are allowed to be undertaken by individuals or groups (of less than 30 people):

- a. Walking, running, hiking, tramping on all trails
- b. Picnicking (including the use of gas stoves) in designated picnic areas
- c. Filming or photography for personal, family and non-commercial purposes
- d. Mountain biking on designated shared trails, with consideration to other users on shared trails.

Taranaki Whānui kaitiaki activities

Recognising that this area is now in joint ownership it is imperative that iwi are able to exercise their kaitiaki responsibilities. To promote Taranaki Whānui taking up their role as kaitiaki of the area, the following activities may occur subject to tikanga being followed and Roopu Tiaki oversight.

- a. cultural harvest of karaka, rongā and plant species suitable for weaving
- b. collection of natural materials for other purposes e.g. seed and mouri stones
- c. planting of native vegetation and restocking of eel
- d. cultural health index monitoring
- e. day/overnight wananga
- f. conducting research

Approvals required:

These activities are part of park management and will be planned and undertaken with the approval of the Roopu Tiaki. This differs from other Regional Parks where some of these activities require permits which are processed by Greater Wellington. Where there are short timeframes involved, approval may be granted by agreement between a GWRC and PNBST representative and then retrospectively granted by the Roopu Tiaki at their next meeting.

Managed activities

Permits for Managed Activities are issued by authorised officers and rangers and require approval of the Roopu Tiaki

- a. Specified site and park facilities reservations for groups
- b. Conducting research**

c. Collection of natural material e.g. seed collection**

** Not associated with Taranaki Whānui kaitiaki activities.

Approvals required

These activities are handled through the permit system which is administered by Greater Wellington. Applications can generally be made online and will be dealt with by the relevant officer. All permits will require approval (either in advance or retrospective) from the Roopu Tiaki.

Restricted activities

These are activities that are not specifically ‘allowed’ or ‘managed’ or are not ‘prohibited’ in the Parangarahu Lakes Area. By their nature, a case-by-case assessment is needed as to whether the activity is approved. Each application is considered on its individual merits, compatibility and appropriateness to the location. Some applications may need to be publicly notified and can be either approved, subject to conditions, or declined.

They may:

- Be activities that require a lease, licence or easement under the Reserves Act 1977 or other legislation.
 - The Reserves Act sets out specific provisions around what activities require a concession to occur on recreation or scientific reserve.
- Involve the exclusive use of an area for an extended period of time or be large scale events
- Be of a commercial nature

Approvals required

The processing of all concessions will be managed by Greater Wellington using the guidelines set out in the Parks Network Plan 2011 and the GWRC Parks and Forests Concession Guidelines 2013. The Roopu Tiaki will be the initial decision making body for all concessions, and where necessary recommending the approval or decline of a concession to GWRC, Port Nicholson Block Settlement Trust or DOC where legislation requires that a particular body makes the final decision.

Prohibited Activities

The following activities are prohibited:

- a. Spreading of ashes or body parts⁴
- b. Erection of private dwellings and structures
- c. Unauthorised introduction of plants or animals.
- d. Depositing rubbish
- e. Lighting fires

⁴ Note that where disinterment occurs of koiwi that a suitable location would be found to re-bury within the area.

- f. Fireworks
- g. Horse riding
- h. Dog walking
- i. Wilderness camping (not associated with an overnight whananga, refer to Tangata Whenua activities)
- j. Motorised recreation
- k. Hang gliding and parapenting
- l. Recreational hunting
- m. Quarrying
- n. All mining activities

*This table updates Table 9 from the Parks Network Plan, found in Chapter 7 Rules for use and development.

Explanation: Approval for managed activities and Taranaki Whānui kaitiaki activities is given by the Roopu Tiaki. This process is explained in the Parangarau Lakes Area Co-management Plan.

DOC retains control of the issuing of permits for activities on the lakes (Scientific Reserve Crown Stratum).

ACTIVITY CATEGORY: ✓ Allowed ○ Managed ➔ Restricted ✘ Prohibited

ACTIVITY IN PARKS	Activity category	SPECIFIC RULES
Aircraft landings	➔	
Animals, excluding dogs/horses	✘	
Ashes – burial/spreading	✘	
Camping (designated sites) **	✘	<i>Not associated with overnight wananga</i>
Camping (wilderness based) **	✘	
Collecting natural materials**	○	<i>Includes conducting research.</i>
Commercial activity	➔	
Dog walking	✘	
Events (commercial, or larger than 30 people)	➔	
Filming (commercial)	➔	
Firearms (refer also to Hunting)	✘	
Fires (open)	✘	

ACTIVITY IN PARKS	Activity category	SPECIFIC RULES
Fireworks	✘	
Fishing**	✘	
Hang gliding / parapenting	✘	
Horse riding	✘	
Hunting	✘	<i>Hunting on GWRC administered land is undertaken only for management purposes. Note: DOC retains control of the issuing of permits for Duck Shooting on the Lakes.</i>
Informal games	n/a	
Lease/licence	➔	<i>Note: This area is subject to requirements of the Reserves Act 1977 for any applications for a lease or licence.</i>
Motorised recreation (Cat A: club/casual)	✘	<i>Pencarrow Road access is controlled by HCC via a permit system. There is a maximum number of recreational vehicles permitted per day.</i>
Motorised recreation (Cat B: special events)	✘	
Mountain biking	✓	
Picnicking	✓	<i>Includes the use of gas stoves in designated places (for less than 30 people)</i>
Swimming / Boating / Waka	✘	<i>Unless for management purposes. Note: DOC retains control of the issuing of permits for activities on the Lakes.</i>
Tangata Whenua kaitiaki activities	✓	<i>Subject to tikanga beign followed and Roopu Tiaki approval (refer Co-Management Plan). Includes: Cultural harvest, collection of natural materials, restocking of natural flora and fauna, wananga, cultural monitoring and research.</i>
Walking, tramping, running	✓	

**Excluding that associated with Taranaki Whānui kaitiaki activities.

To update Parks Network Plan Appendix 2

TITLE	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	AREA HECTARES	LAND OWNER	LAND STATUS	COMMENTS
East Harbour Regional Park - Northern Forest					
486137	Sec 131, 132 and 133 Harbour District	34.7113	Vested in GW	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of Sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 2006 No.118 page 3257	Formerly Marine Drive Recreation Reserve. GW water pipe runs between blocks
WN8A/1461	Section 115 Harbour District SO 28270	43.6555	DOC	Scenic reserve – Classified for purposes of Sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZ Gazette 2006 page 3527	unnamed Scenic Reserve on schedule as potential cultural redress for PNBST
488806	Lot 35 DP 1714	0.5167	Vested in GW	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 2006 No.118 page 3257	Formerly part of Lowry Bay Scenic reserve
WN404/96	Lot 36 DP 1714	1.1609	Vested in GW GN	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 2006 No.118 page 3257	
WND3/1011	Lot 1 DP 26137	4.5666	Vested in GW	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 1987 page 963 & NZG 2006 page 3257	Formerly part of Lowry Bay Scenic reserve
488807	Lot 6 DP 13855	0.2737	Vested in GW	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 2006 page 3527	Formerly part of Lowry Bay Scenic reserve
488808	Lot 47 DP 11205	50.7494	Vested in GW GN 8232884.1	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves	Formerly part of Lowry Bay Scenic reserve

			(NZG 2006 No. 118 page 3528)	Act 1977 NZG 2006 page 3527	
488809	Part Lot 4 DP 12030	65.9412	Vested in GW	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 2006 page 3527	Formerly part of Lowry Bay Scenic reserve
488803	Lot 1 DP 42208	0.1784	Vested in GW	East Harbour Scenic Reserve for the purposes of sec 19(1)(a) Reserves Act 1977 NZG 2006 page 3527	Formerly Cheviot Road Scenic Reserve.
WN15C/1192	Lot 15 DP42970	0.3007	DOC	Scenic reserve	On schedule as potential cultural redress for PNBST
NZG 1919 No. 110 page 2775	Sections 38, 40 and part Section 35 Harbour District SO 10756	90.7629	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	Formerly part Eastbourne Domain which in total comprises 343.7288 ha. Subject to finalisation of survey and completion of exchange involving a small part of reserve, between Crown and Hutt City Council. Once exchange has been completed, the reserve will be reclassified for Scenic Reserve and vested to GW
WN469/285	Sections 92, 93, 94 & 95 Harbour District	20.9989	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	Formerly part Eastbourne Domain which in total comprises 343.7288 ha. Comments as above
WN501/280	Lot 6 DP 4468	0.5557	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	
WN493/283	Part Section 45 Harbour District SO 10686	3.1600	Hutt CC	Reserve for the preservation of scenery	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)

NZG 1939 No. 50 page 1938	Section 102 and Part Section 103 Harbour District	0.0445	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	
NZG 1908 No.73 page 2504	Sections 42 & 43, and Part Sections 44, 46 & 48 Harbour District	211.5641	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	Formerly part Eastbourne Domain which in total comprises 343.7288
NZG 1936 No.9 page 140	Part Section 47 Harbour District	19.3010	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	
WN483/41	Part Lot 268 DP 993	0.5018	DOC	Recreation reserve – Classified as recreation reserve by NZ Gazette 2006 pg 3527	Formerly part Eastbourne Domain which in total comprises 343.7288
WN437/249	Lot 1 DP10555	0.5819	Hutt CC	Fee Simple	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN7A/604	Pt Sec 31 Harbour District DP7015 SO 10686	0.3832	Hutt CC	Quarry Reserve Subject to Reserves and Domains Act 1953	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN354/149	Pt Sec 41 Harbour District SO 10756	5.6623	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2007 pages 1639 and 1641	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN352/187	Section 43 & 44, Pt Sec 40 & 42 Wainuiomata District SO 10755	329.8795	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2007 pages 1639 and 1641	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)

WN24B/514	Lot 1 DP53598	22.5604	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2007 pages 1639 and 1641	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN24B/515	Lot 2 DP 53598	1.1248	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2007 pages 1639 and 1641	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN30C/888	Lot 1 DP 59024	13.1403	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2007 pages 1639 and 1641	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN6A/343	Sec 77 & 78 Harbour District SO 23718	86.8547	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2007 pages 1639 and 1641	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
	Lot 8 DP 48950	0.2355	Hutt CC	Reserve for recreation and public enjoyment	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN33B/777	Lot 1 DP 53556 and Part Lot 1 DP 51972	191.4687	Hutt CC	Scenic reserve NZG 2000 page 4269	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
WN54B/641	Sections 29, 30 & 32 and Pt Sections 28, 31, 33, 34 and 35 Harbour District SO 10755 and SO 10686	253.3383	Hutt CC	Pt Sec 28 H.D.- Land acquired for plantation reserve, NZ Gazette. 1918 p 1071	To be declared a scenic reserve by HCC under the provisions of Sec 14 Reserves Act Administering Body

					powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)
480938	Lot 2 DP 420853 and Lot 3 DP 83139	45.5968	Greater Wellington	Purpose - Scenic reserve	Subject to Reserve Act 1977
WN485/47	Pt Sections 45 and 46 Wainuiomata District, Block I Pencarrow Survey District	117.4606	Greater Wellington	Fee simple	Land behind Wainuiomata golf-club
WN20B/1221	Pt Sections 7 & 8 Wainuiomata District in Block XVI Belmont Survey District & Block I Pencarrow Survey District.	3.7159	Greater Wellington	Fee simple	Access arm behind Wainuiomata golf-club
WN38D/49	Lot 2 DP 66889	0.6750	Greater Wellington	Fee simple	Coast Road block adjacent to Wainuiomata golf-club
WN271/19	Part Lot 1, 5 and 6 DP 4468 being part Sections 37 and 39 Harbour District	2.7415	Hutt CC	Fee simple	Administering Body powers and responsibility for management transferred to GW from HCC by Agreement dated 22 November 2004 (Section 17 LGA)

East Harbour Regional Park - Parangarahu Lakes Area

TITLE	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	AREA HECTARES	LAND OWNER	LAND STATUS	COMMENTS
488810	Sec 2 Block V Pencarrow Survey District	14.3157	Vested in GW GN 8232884.1 (NZG 2006 No. 118 page 3528)	Pencarrow Head Recreation Reserve	Pencarrow Head Recreation Reserve. Does not comprise footprint of land around lighthouse
WN41A/384	Section 3 SO 406982 (Formerly Lot 1 DP74247)	362.4813	Greater Wellington	Parangarahu Recreation Reserve NZG 1995 No. 50 page 1285	Parangarahu Recreation Reserve

The following titles are administered by DOC.

	Section 1 SO 409042	1.26	Crown	Government Purpose (wildlife management) Reserve.	Dryland Outlet of Lake Kohangatera. Proposed to be vested in GWRC as Scientific Reserve.
N/A	Water and air above Lot 9 DP 53891 & Section 1 SO 406979	12.30	Crown	Scientific Reserve	Water and air column above Kohangapiripiri. Proposed to be vested in GWRC.
N/A	Water and air above Section 2 SO 409042	33.06	Crown	Scientific Reserve	Water and air column above Kohangatera. Proposed to be vested in GWRC.

East Harbour Regional Park - Baring Head

TITLE	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	AREA HECTARES	LAND OWNER	LAND STATUS	COMMENTS
556278	Part Lot 1 DP 72418, Survey District	10.5892	Crown – Vested in Greater Wellington	Classified as Recreation Reserve by NZG 1995 p 324	Baring Head Lighthouse compound & escarpment.
WN42B/597	Lot 4 DP 59276	284.6000	Wellington Regional Council	Classified as Scenic Reserve 1(a) by NZG 2011 p 3957 Corrected in <i>New Zealand Gazette</i> , 4/7/2013, No. 85, p. 2310	Main Block – Baring Head. Subject to Reserve Act 1977
NZG 1995 Page 1364	Part Paranagarahu 1A3, Block VIII Pencarrow Survey District	0.4046	Crown – Vested in Wellington Regional Council	Recreation Reserve	Observation Bunker Site – Baring Head