Plan Change 2 to the Regional Freshwater Plan

1 Make the following underlined changes to Table 6.1 - Minimum Flows and Water Allocation for Some Rivers in the Wellington Region

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6		Column 7	
		Policy	Policy	Policy 6.2.1(3)	Policy 6.2.1(4)		Policy 6.2.1(4)	
		6.2.1(1)	6.2.1(2)					
Part of the river/ stream	The location of recorders	Minimum	Core	Flow required	Flow below	First stepdown	Flow below	Second
within which allocations	where flows in columns 3,	Flow	Allocation	for	which first	allocation	which second	stepdown
in columns 4, 5, 6 & 7	5, 6 & 7 are measured	(litres/second)	(litres/second)	supplementary	stepdown	(litres/second)	stepdown	allocation
apply				allocation	allocation		allocation takes	(litres/second)
				(litres/second)	takes effect		effect	
					(litres/second)		(litres/second)	
Mangatarere Stream	Belvedere Bridge	<u>125</u>	<u>280</u>	<u>1200**</u>	<u>160</u>	<u>140</u>	<u>125</u>	<u>0</u>
from the headwaters to								
the Belvedere Rd bridge								
Mangatarere Stream	Belvedere Bridge	<u>90</u>	40	1200**	125	<u>20</u>	<u>90</u>	0
from the Belvedere Rd						_		-
bridge to the confluence								
with the Waiohine River								
** the flow required f	or supplementary allocation							

* the flow required for supplementary allocation for the Mangatarere Stream refers to the flow measured at the Mangatarere Gorge Environmental Monitoring Site, not the Belvedere Bridge site

2 Make the following underlined and strikethrough changes to clause (1) of the explanation to Policy 6.2.1:

The minimum flows for the Waipoua, and Upper Ruamahanga Rivers, and the Mangatarere Stream, have been arrived at as part of water allocation plans for these rivers that were prepared between 1996 and 20012004. The minimum flows, core allocations, and stepdown allocations specified in these water allocation plans and Table 6.1 were derived using a variety of methods including:

- Evaluating instream assessment methods including WAIORA and IFIM.
- Assessing current water allocations.
- Evaluating baseline water quantity and water quality data.

The water allocation plans also give guidance in relation to a variety of water resource issues, hence they are matters that should be referred to when applicants are applying for resource consents, or Council staff are assessing resource consent applications.